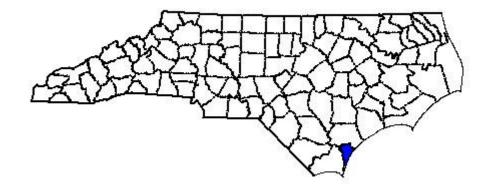
ANNUAL REPORT FOR 2008



Wastewater Treatment Mitigation Site New Hanover County TIP No. U-92 A/B



Prepared By:
Natural Environment Unit & Roadside Environmental Unit
North Carolina Department of Transportation
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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Summary	
1.0 Introduction 2 1.1 Project Description 1.2 Purpose 1.3 Project History	2
2.0 HYDROLOGY 5 2.1 Success Criteria	5 5
3.0 VEGETATION 6 3.1A Success Criteria (Bald Cypress Area)	6 7 8 9
4.0 OVERALL CONCLUSIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS 9	
FIGURES	
Figure 1. Vicinity Map Figure 2. Site Location Map	

APPENDICES

Appendix A - Site Photos & Plot and Photo Locations Map

SUMMARY

The following report summarizes the monitoring activities that have occurred in 2008 at the Wastewater Treatment Mitigation Site. The 2008-year represents the fifth year of hydrology and vegetation monitoring following construction. The site must demonstrate success for a minimum of five years or until the site is deemed successful. The site was constructed to serve as mitigation for impacts associated with the construction of U-92A/B for the Smith Creek Parkway.

A tidal gauge was installed at the Bridge Maintenance site in July 2000 and was used as a reference for the Smith Creek, Wastewater Treatment, and County Sites. Tidal data was collected from July 2000 to July 2004. These sites were graded to elevations based on this tidal data.

Hydrologic monitoring utilizes four surface water gauges located on the adjacent County Mitigation Site and a reference gauge located on the Bridge Maintenance Mitigation Site. These gauges monitor the tidal regime to confirm the site's flooding period.

An onsite agency meeting was held in July 2004. At this time, it was agreed to remove the surface water gauge at the Bridge Maintenance Site since there was sufficient past tidal data. The available tidal data for the Bridge Maintenance gauge revealed inundation for 25.6% from February to July (2004). The four surface water gauges at the County Site were compared to the reference gauge. Three of the four surface gauges indicated that the site was inundated 100% of the growing season (hourly readings), while one gauge revealed 94.8%. For the gauge data provided, all four surface water gauges satisfied the inundation criteria determined by the reference gauge.

Vegetation monitoring is required for five years. Vegetation monitoring of the baldcypress area revealed an average tree density of 72 trees per acre. This average is above the minimum success criteria of 50 trees per acre. For the marsh grass area, the target species and scale values were 63% and 4.6, respectively; the marsh grass area is on track for the fifth year of monitoring.

During the July 2004 onsite agency meeting, it was agreed that NCDOT could propose to remove the four surface water gauges at the County Site if there was successful tidal data during the 2004-monitoring season. During the 2004 annual monitoring meeting on May 5, 2005, it was agreed that the County Mitigation Site had one year of successful gauge data (tidal); therefore the four surface gauges were removed on June 22, 2005 and no hydrologic data has been presented in this report.

NCDOT proposes to discontinue all monitoring at the Wastewater Treatment Mitigation Site.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Description

The Wastewater Treatment Mitigation Site is located in New Hanover County, adjacent to Bridge Maintenance and the U-92B project in Wilmington (Figure 1). Totaling 0.71 acre in size, the site provides tidal swamp forest creation mitigation for a portion of the wetland impacts associated with U-92A/B (Figure 2).

1.2 Purpose

In order to demonstrate successful mitigation, hydrologic and vegetation monitoring must be conducted for a minimum of five years or until the site is deemed successful. The following report describes the results of both hydrologic and vegetation monitoring for the 2008-year (the fifth year of monitoring).

1.3 Project History U-92 Wastewater Treatment Site

February 2004	Baldcypress Planted
April 2004	Marsh Grass Planted
March-November 2004	Hydrology Monitoring (1 yr.)
August 2004	Vegetation Monitoring (1 yr.)
September 2005	Vegetation Monitoring (2 yr.)
August 2006	Vegetation Monitoring (3 yr.)
August 2007	Vegetation Monitoring (4 yr.)
October 2007	Phragmites Treated
April 2008	Phragmites Treated
September 2008	Vegetation Monitoring (5 yr.)
October 2008	Kudzu Treated

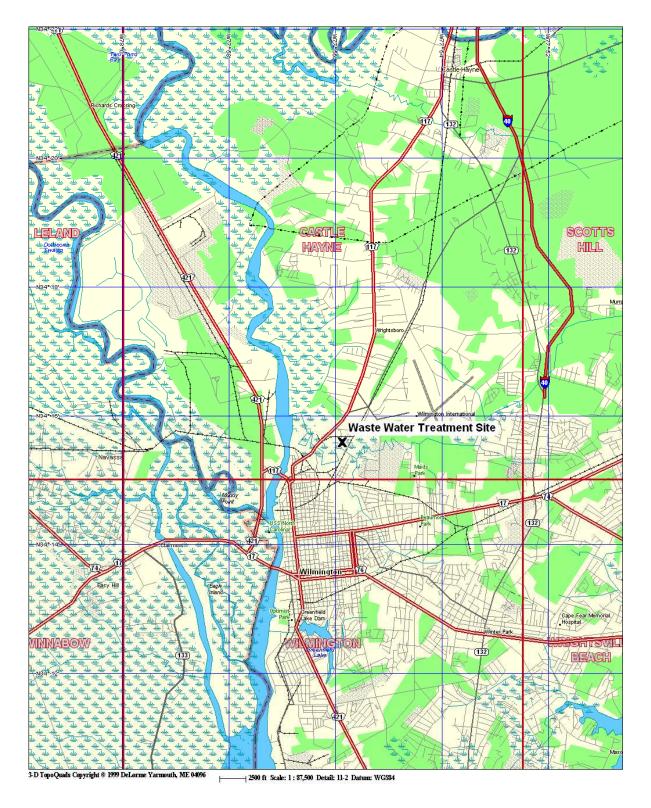


Figure 1. Vicinity Map

Figure 2. Site Location Map

2.0 HYDROLOGY

2.1 Success Criteria

Hydrology monitoring for the Wastewater Mitigation Site is conducted at the adjacent County Mitigation Site. Data from an offsite tide gauge located at the adjacent Bridge Maintenance Site (collected 02-27-04 through 07-14-04) was used as a baseline to estimate the percentage of time that the site should remain flooded, at specific elevations. A target elevation of 2.5 feet above mean sea level was selected for the Wastewater Mitigation Site. Using the baseline data and the proposed elevation, the Wastewater Site will be considered hydrologically successful if the adjacent County Site is inundated for 25.6% of the growing season, from February 27 to November 26 (271 days).

2.2 Hydrologic Description

The County Mitigation Site was equipped with four surface water gauges that were installed in December 2003. Since the site is a tide-driven system, groundwater and rain gauges were not installed. During the 2004 annual monitoring meeting on May 5, 2005, it was agreed that the County Mitigation Site had one year of successful gauge data (tidal); therefore the four surface gauges were removed on June 22, 2005 and no hydrologic data has been presented in this report.

2.3 Results of Hydrologic Monitoring

Hydrology monitoring has been discontinued at the County Mitigation Site.

2.4 Conclusions

During the 2004 annual monitoring meeting on May 5, 2005, it was agreed that the County Mitigation Site had one year of successful gauge data (tidal); therefore the four surface gauges were removed on June 22, 2005 and no hydrologic data has been presented in this report.

3.0 VEGETATION: U-92 WASTEWATER TREATMENT SITE (YEAR 5 MONITORING)

3.1A Success Criteria (Baldcypress Area)

One 50' x 50' plot has been set and will be counted as part of the vegetation monitoring for the site.

The site will be considered a success for the baldcypress if there are 50 fiveyear old trees per acre after the end of the fifth growing season....changes in the hydrology of Smith Creek have caused the decline in natural baldcypress populations, and it is uncertain if the planted baldcypress trees will survive. If the baldcypress survivorship declines to below the success criteria, then the Department of Transportation will consult with the Corps of Engineers to determine appropriate action.

Establishment of cypress trees over the restoration area of the Wastewater Treatment Site is proposed, although there is evidence that they may not survive because of increases in salinity, tidal amplitude, and sea level (Hackney and Yelverton, 1990). Consequently, if cypress mortality occurs and the area develops into an emergent marsh community, the vegetational success criteria will be based on emergent marsh vegetation.

3.1B Success Criteria (Marsh Grass Area)

The vegetative marsh success of the wetland site will be determined in accordance with NMFS Guidelines. Monitoring plots found to be located within the open water channel will not be evaluated, and will not count to the final count of plots. The vegetation component of the wetland site will be deemed successful if the following criteria are met.

- 1. At year five, the average of all plots should have a scale value of 5 (75% vegetative cover) consisting of wetland herbaceous species, not including any invasive species.
- 2. A minimum of 70% of the plots shall contain the target (planted) species.

3.2A & B Description of Planted Areas

The following plant communities were planted throughout the Wastewater Treatment site (approximately 0.71 acres):

Spartina cynosuroides, Big Cordgrass Cladium jamaicense, Sawgrass Taxodium distichum, Baldcypress

3.3A Results of Vegetation Monitoring (Baldcypress Area)

Plot#	Baldcypress (5 Year)	Total (at planting)	Density (trees/acre)
1	6	9	72
AVG. DENSITY			72

3.3B Results of Vegetation Monitoring (Marsh Grass Area)

ZONE	Plot #	Scale Factor	Sp artina cyn os uro ides	Cladium jamai cens e	Frequency	Notes
1	1	5.0	⅓		₩	Cattail
	2	4.0	⅓	S	Ú	
	3	5.0				Cattail
	4	4.0				Cattail
	5	5.0		Si	ù	Cattail
	6	4.0				Cattail
	7	5.0	⅓	Si	ù	Cattail
	8	5.0	∆	S	∆	Cattail
	9	5.0		∖	₪	Cattail
	10	5.0		⅓	⅓	Cattail
	11	5.0		∖	₪	Cattail
	12	5.0		⅓	⅓	Cattail
	13	5.0	⅓		Ġ	
	14	5.0	Si		S	Cattail
	15	5.0	∖		⅓	Cattail
	16	3.0				Sagittaria sp., Cattail
	17	2.0				Sagittaria sp., Cattail
	18	5.0	∿		⅓	Cattail
	19	5.0	∖⊔		₪	Cattail
	20	3.0				Cattail, 1% Phragmites
	21	4.0				Cattail, 1% Phragmites, Scirpus robustus
	22	5.0				Cattail, Scirpus robustus
	23	5.0				Cattail
	24	5.0	∿	₪	⅓	Cattail
	25	5.0				Cattail
	26	5.0	⅓		⅓	Cattail
	27	4.0	\Square \tag{\tau}		Ø	Cattail
	28	5.0	∿		⅓	Cattail
	29	5.0		S	Ġ	Cattail
	30	5.0				
Freqer	Freqency (Percentage of					
Plots with Desired Species)			es)	63%		
Sum S					138	
Total Number of Plots Counted				30		
Vegetative Cover (Scale Value)			lue)	4.6		

Site Notes: The following species were also noted in the monitoring plots. The number of plots the species were found in is listed in parentheses (i.e. 28 of the plots contain cattail) cattail (28), *Sagittaria* sp. (2), *Scripus robustus* (2), and phragmites (2). Some small patches of phragmites were treated in October 2007 and April 2008. These spray treatments have helped to minimize the amount of phragmites noted on site. There was some kudzu noted encroaching from the fill slope out into the site during the 2008 monitoring evaluation. Division Roadside treated the kudzu on October 1, 2008.

3.4A Conclusions (Baldcypress Area)

Baldcypress trees were planted on 20' centers throughout the approximately 0.71 acre site. One 50' x 50' plot was established in the planting area. The vegetation monitoring of the planted area revealed an average of 108 baldcypress trees per acre.

NCDOT proposes to discontinue monitoring the baldcypress area.

3.4B Conclusions (Marsh Grass Area)

 Percent Frequency of Target Species (Big Cordgrass and Sawgrass)

Frequency of 70% required.

Vegetative Cover Scale Value
 Scale Value of 5 required for year 5.

Approximately 0.71 acres of this site involved marsh grass plantings. There were 30 random plots established throughout the planting area. These plots were located with GPS. The overall comparison of the percent frequency and the scale value for the marsh grass area is on track for the fifth year of monitoring.

NCDOT proposes to discontinue monitoring the marsh grass area.

4.0 OVERALL CONCLUSIONS/ RECOMMENDATIONS

An onsite agency meeting was held in July 2004. At this time, it was agreed to remove the surface water gauge at the Bridge Maintenance Site since there was sufficient past tidal data. The available tidal data for the Bridge Maintenance gauge revealed inundation for 25.6% from February to July (2004). The four surface water gauges at the County Site were compared to the reference gauge. Three of the four surface gauges indicated that the site was inundated 100% of the growing season (hourly readings), while one gauge revealed 94.8%. For the gauge data provided, all four surface water gauges satisfied the inundation criteria determined by the reference gauge.

Baldcypress trees were planted on 20' centers throughout the approximately 0.71-acre site. Vegetation monitoring of the baldcypress area revealed an average tree density of 72 trees per acre. This average is above the minimum success criteria of 50 trees per acre. Approximately 0.71-acre of this site involved marsh grass plantings. For the marsh grass area, the target species and scale values were 63% and 4.6, respectively; the marsh grass area is on track for the fifth year of monitoring. NCDOT proposes to discontinue monitoring the baldcypress and marsh grass areas.

During the 2004 annual monitoring meeting on May 5, 2005, it was agreed that the County Mitigation Site had one year of successful gauge data (tidal); therefore the four surface gauges were removed on June 22, 2005 and no hydrologic data has been presented in this report.

NCDOT proposes to discontinue all monitoring at the Wastewater Treatment Mitigation Site.

APPENDIX A

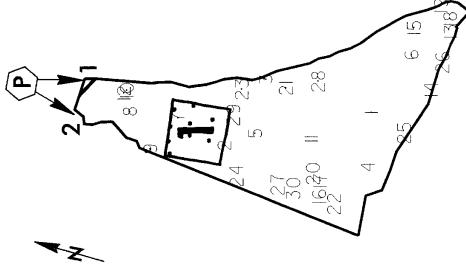
SITE PHOTOS & PLOT AND PHOTO LOCATIONS MAP

Wastewater Treatment





Photo 1 Photo 2



(P) Photo Locations

] Plot Locations

Random Point Locations

Wastewater Treatment Site

2008 Photo, Plot, and Random Point Locations